20993

Use of ...

Card 2/8

P/013/61/000/002/001/001 B115/B215

Here, mainly the fission energy of neutron bombardment of ^{235}U (slow), ^{238}U (fast), and ^{239}Ru (slow) is utilized. (2) Energy balance in the fission of

235 U by thermal neutrons. On the basis of publications and his own data, the author finds that the kinetic energy of fission fragments represents the largest contribution to energy. Hence, a reactor should be designed for the utilization of this energy for chemical synthesis. (3) Range of action of fission fragments in the bombarded medium. Fuel should be disintegrated in such a way that the size of burning elements is equal to the range of action of the fragments (or smaller). Hence, only such reactors can be used in which fuels are pulverized (with grains of micron sizes). (4) Possibilities of irradiating the substrates. According to the author, two conditions have to be fulfilled for answering the problem as to what compounds or chemical elements can be irradiated in the reactor: (a) the excitation cross section of substrates for neutron capture has to be as small as possible with regard to the fission process, (b) the value G (mainly the fragment energy to be used) should be as large as possible with regard to profitable production. Pressure and temperature play a considerable role

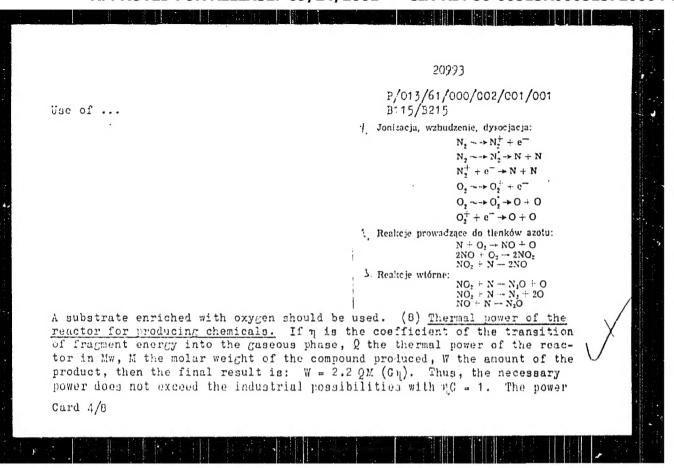
20993

te of ...

P/013/61/000/002/001/001 3115/3215

in the process of nitrogen binding. Temperature and pressure are generally increased for better utilization of excess energy for the purposes of power economy. From a chemical viewpoint, this would be the only possibility of aconomising chemical production. (5) Reactor construction. The author discusses the ideas described in Refs. 1, 7, 8 (see below). Fig. 1 shows a diagram of the reactor. (6) The problem of deconteminating the product. The post-reaction gas is contaminated by fission products of \$\beta\$- and y-emitters. Table & illustrates the gradual disappearance of active substances. The data are related to 1 ε of fission products. The table shows that other means will have to be found besides decontamination by cooling. Since 1 g of fission products corresponds to approximately 1 t of ENO3, and 90sr is considered to be the most dangerous isotope, and since the 90sr content amounts to 6 C/t of MMO3, the decentamination coefficient can be calculated as being 10^6 . The authors of the papers of Refs. 1 and 0 assume that this coefficient can be attained by the industry. (7) Physicochemical contributions are taken by the author from papers of Refs. 8 and 2. See the enclosed reaction scheme according to Ref. 2.

Card 3/8



20993

Use of ...

P/013/61/000/002/001/001 B115/B215

of the EWA reactor of Świerk does not exceed a few Mw. In item 8, the author gives the production costs according to British publications in British money. (9) Conclusions. A combination of the production of chemicals and the generation of electric energy would be very economical with $\eta G \Longrightarrow 1$, if the process is carried out with regard to the possibilities of energy utilization at high temperatures (500-600°C). It was also suggested to use this type of reactor for the irradiation of the substrates CO - H₂ and H₂O

vapor. (10) Other possibilities of applying these reactors: (1) Production of industrial gases. The author's representation of these processes was taken from Ref. 10. There are economical possibilities of gasifying brown coal and coal with a high content of ashes. For this purpose high-temperature reactors which probably will soon be constructed would be necessary. (2) Production of glycol, polymerization of ethylene and phenol. The author discusses the reactor construction described in Ref. 11 with a capacity of 1 Mw for utilizing ionizing γ - and β -radiation. The energy of this reactor is said to be less expensive than that of accelerators and radiation sources used at present. References mentioned above: (1) Dawson, Long, Moseley, Sowden: The Industrial Chemist, June 1959, Vol. 35, Nr. 412, p. 269-276;

Card 5/8

20993 P/013/61/000/002/001/001 B115/B215

Use of ...

(2) Kühler: Chemie, Ingenieur, Technik, November 1960, Nr. 11, p. 709-714; (7) Krucoff: Nucleonics 1959 Vol. 17, Nr. 6; (8) None given: Chemical and Engineering News, 1959, Nr. 10, p. 46-47; (9) Dawson et al.: Konferencja Warszawska Międzynar. Agencji Atomowej, 8-12.8.1959 (CW/Ip/24 U. K.); (10) Jecht: Chemiker Zeitung - Chemische Apparatur Nr. 16, 1960, p. 534-538; (11) Crean et al.: Chemical Engineering Progress, 1960, p. 72-76. There are 1 figure, 5 tables, and 11 references: 1 Soviet-bloc and 10 non-Soviet-bloc. The 5 references to English-language publications are given in the text of the abstract.

ASSOCIATION: Instytut Chemii Nieorganicznej Gliwice (Institute of Inorganic Chemistry, Gliwice)

Card 6/8

	P/0.89/60/0007/8/004/004 Align/ADE6
итновз	Hommery, p. R., Golemba M. and Pursa, k.
TILE	Move ties From the Fig. 1 of Metallungy Rolling Oltraionic Elamina
	tion of Blans by Means of Bins Stunder
PERIODICAL	Hurais : 160, No. 7 8, pp. 308-309
which shouts a destruction ive method by means of the central results were of the oscill central exam- ing with a r	Even increasing demand for better quality sheet steel used by various machine infinity, require more strict examination of semi products from stars made thitherto applied examination methods, using assual and of venature, are not longer adequate. A new, quick, accurate non-destructions found in ultrasonic examination. Pirst nitrasonic testing of slabs an impulse defectoscore and a special sone sounder was carried out at aboratory of the Huta Lenina (Metallungical Plant) in Nowa Huta. The excellent: whenever the ultrasonic waves hit a fault, disfiguration illogram appeared. These investigations were supported by a destructive mination, using the Baumann method and deep etching, preceded by testinagnetic lefetioscope. As a result of their investigations the authors following conclusions. (1) Examination of cold stabs by means of ultra-
m . Talana er .	

P/039/60/000/007 8/004/004 A.77/A026

Novelties From the Field of Metallungy Rolling Ultrasonic Examination of Slabs by Means of Econ Sounder

somic defectoscopy, using a special echo sounder, allows to detect acturately any internal faults in slabs. 2) Because of the great acturate of this method, even very small defects in slabs can be detected, the range of detection can be altered by selecting the proper intensification factor. 3) Slabs covered with scale can also be examined by means of this method. 4) Examination can be performed very quickly. After rectain training, one slab can be thoroughly examined within five minutes. There are 5 photographs

Carn 2/2

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/24/2001 CIA-RDF

CIA-RDP86-00513R000515720004-7

cases of 1-ph. loads. The case of traction leads supplied at 621.315.051 : 421.3.014/.015 both ends may be received to trut of a load supplied at one and CALCULATION OF CURRENTS AND VOL PAGES IN am A POWER SYSTEM SUPPLYING UNBALANCED LOADS.

E.A. Meerovich, V.I. Gorushkin and E.B. Golembo.

Elektricheatvo, 1955, No. 9, 32-9. In Russian.

The power system considered is assumed to consist of Introduction of equalizing furrents deep not appreciably alter the anymmetry of currents and voltages. This depends mainly on the distribution of the traction lead between the phases of the aubstations and not in the method of supply of two parts, a symmetrical 3-ph, system with symmetrical tood and generators, and an asymmetrical part consisting of 1-ph, loads. Currents and voltages in the symmetrical part are easily found by symmetrical-component methods, provided the contact system. The asymmetry of the generator currents depends on the load distribution between the substitutions; has has to be considered in the project of a triction system. The calculations by successive approximations are suitable for pre-determining voltage asymmetries.

B.F.Krau B.F.Kraus known; however, the latter depend on the operating conditions and parameters of the whole system. For this reason symmetrical components can rarely be used. The only method which leads to a comparatively rapid determination of the required values is that of successive approximations which also saves much calculation labour. However, a successful application of this method is conditional on the convergence of the approximations and this again depends on correct a priori assumptions. Mathematical convergence criteria may be often misleading in this respect, if applied to an unsuitable acheme. Correctly applied, the method enables a system with many 1-ph. loads to be resolved fairly simply and accurately, as is shown by a series of examples. Special recommendations are made for traction loads representing special

ij

USSR/General Problems of Pathology - Immunity.

Abs: Jour

: Ref Zhuc Biol., No 5, 1959, 22634

Author

: Kantsur, M.Ya., Izbaviteler, P.V., Golembo, S.M.,

Solomonov, Sh.Sh., Blokbov, V.P.

Inst

: Military-Medical Arademy

Title

: On Providing C-Vatimin in Goldier's Entions and Inflaence of Vitamin C on the Production of lamune Bodies in the

Organism.

Orig Pub

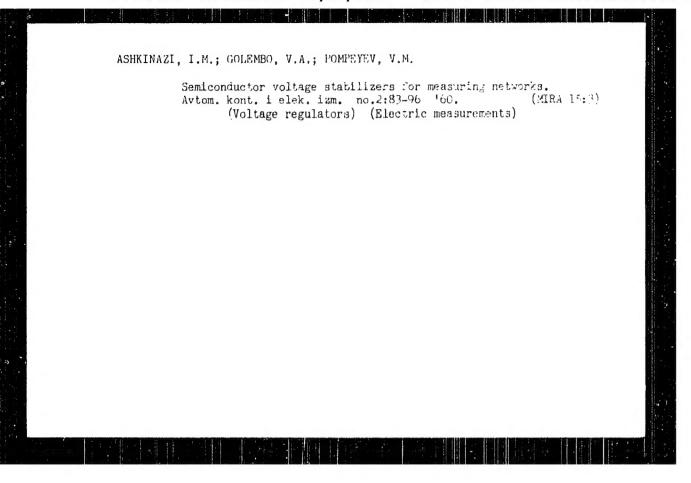
: Voyen.-med. zh., 1958, No 3, 43-51

Abstract

: In culinary preparations in soldiers' rations during the Spring-Summer period, the actual content of vitamin C may be below 40-60 mg. The soldiers were immunited with 'NIISI' vaccine; l group recieved an additional amount of ascorbic acid with good (I; 50 mg per person). The antibody titer (AT) was determined 1,4, and 9 weeks after

Card 1/2

- 4 -



ACC NR: AT6034605

(A)

SOURCE CODE: UR/3232/66/605/663/0088/0052

AUTHOR: Golembo, V. A.

GRG: none

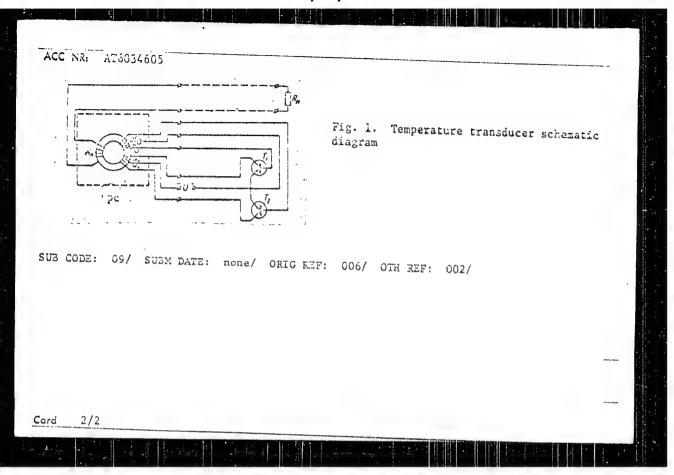
TITLE: Temperature transducer with a frequency output

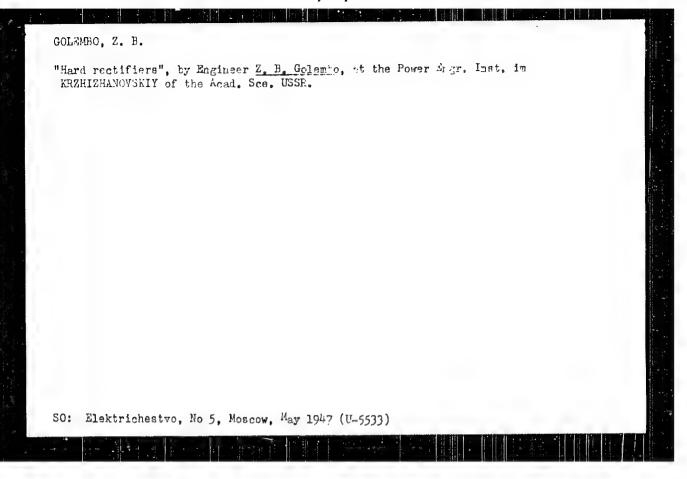
SOURCE: L'vov. Politekhnicheskiy institut. Kontrol'no-izmeritel'naya tekhnika. no. 3, 1966, 38-92

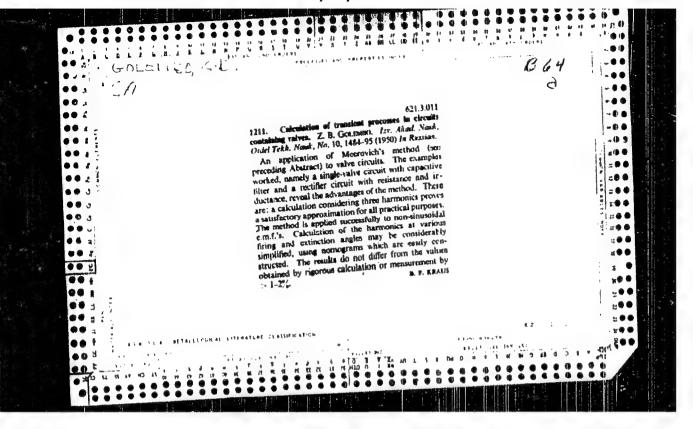
TOPIC TAGS: temperature translucer, transistorized circuit, circuit owner

ABSTRACT: A temperature transducer with a frequency output is described. The transducer (see Fig. 1) based on a circuit developed by A. C. Royer, is a transistor-liked d-c to a-c converter whose output frequency is proportional to the input d-c voltage. The primary converter (pc) serves as a thermosensitive element and consists of a magnetic toroidal ring with three windings: collector (w_k) and base (w_b) , which have center taps, and the load winding (w_k) . Transistors T_1 and T_2 serve as a frequency converter by switching the supply voltage (U) to each half of the w_k winding; of 10 m were used between the thermosensitive element and the frequency converter without any noticeable degradation in performance. Normal transducer output frequencies range from 1 to 10 kc and can easily be increased; the operating temperature range is -200-300C. Orig. art. has: 2 figures and 8 formulas.

Card 1/2







GOLEMBO, Z.B.

AID P - 642

Subject

: USSR/Electricity

Card 1/1

Pub. 27 - 11/34

Author

: Golembo, Z. B., Moscow

Title

Transient phenomena in complex valve-rectifier circuits

with parasitic capacitances

Periodical: Elektrichestvo, 9, 49 - 55, S 1954

Abstract

: The author studies free oscillations in the three-phase rectifier circuits of industrial installations. He presents a mathematical analysis of the disturbances caused by the capacitances of the rectifier equipment, the capacitances between transformer windings and ground, interphase capacitances, etc. 6 diagrams, 8 references (3 non-

Russian), (1945-1950).

Institution:

None

Submitted

Jl 11, 1952

CIA-RDP86-00513R000515720004-7" **APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/24/2001**

AID P - 3252

Subject

: UESR/Electricity

Card 1/2

Pub. 27 - 7/25

Authors

: Meyerovich, E. A., Doc. Tech. Sci., Prof., V. I. Gorushkin, Kand. Tech. Sci., and Z. B. Golembo, Kand. Tech. Sci.

Title

: Computation of currents and voltages in an electric power system feeding asymmetrical loads

Periodical

: Elektrichestvo, 9, 32-39, S 1955

Abstract

: The authors present a method of computing currents and voltages in a three-phase system feeding an unsymmetrical load at several points. The method is based on the division of the whole system into two parts: one symmetrical, the other asymmetric. The operating conditions of the symmetrical part are found by the method of symmetrical components. Currents and voltages in connecting points are determined by the method of successive approximations. The conditions of convergence applied for electric power system calculations are analyzed. The same method is applied in an example to calculate asymmetrical currents and

Elektrichestvo, 9, 32-39, 5 1955

AID P - 3252

Card 2/2

Pub. 27 - 7/25

voltages in an electric power system feeding from five substations the contact line network of a railroad operating on single-phase a-c current. Three tables, 6 connection diagrams, and 8 Soviet references, 1 - 1936, 7 - 1949-1954.

Institution : Power Engineering Institute of the Academy of Sciences, USSR, and Trust for the Planning and Investigation of Thermal and Electric Power Flants, Networks and Substations.

Submitted

: My 31, 1955

GORUSHKIN, V.I., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; GOLEMBO, Z.B., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk.

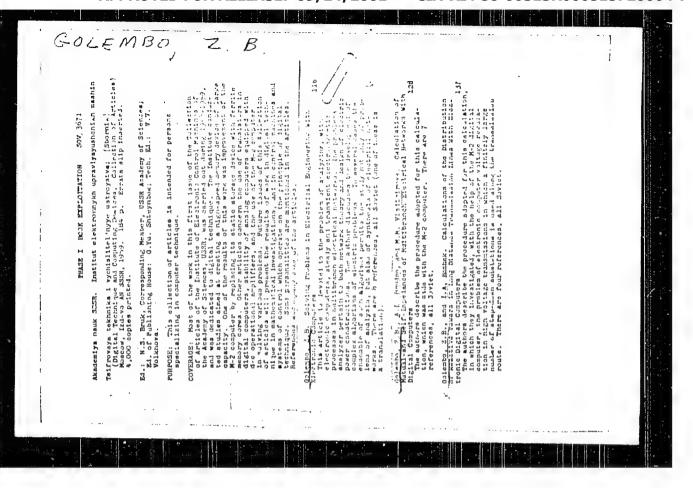
Method for approximate calculation of vortage and current unbalance in substations supplying an out-of-balance load. Blektrichestvo no.10:22-24 0 '56. (KLRA 9:11)

1. Energeticheskiy inetitut Akademii nauk SSSR. (for Gorushkin);
2. Teploelektroproyekt Ministerstva elektrostanteii (for Golembo).

(Electric power distribution)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/24/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000515720004-7



8(5)

SOV/143-59-3-2/20

AUTHORS:

Golembo, Z.B., Candidate of Technical Sciences;

Bochek, I.A., Engineer

TITLE:

Using Digital Computers for the Selection and the **Efficient** Arrangement of Regulating Equipment for Transverse Balancing of Long-Distance Power Lines (Vybor i ratsional'naya rasstanovka reguliruyushchey apparatury dlya poperechnoy kompensatsii dal'nikh liniy peredach pri pomoshchi tsifrovykh mashin)

PERIODICAL:

Izvestiya vysshikh uchebnykh zavedeniy - Energetika,

1959, Nr 3, pp 12-17 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The capacity of long-distance power lines must be sufficiently high for providing applicable economical power transmission indexes. Various balancing methods are used for increasing the transmission capacity of power lines. The investigation of power line load conditions showed that the best voltage control effect is achieved with an even distribution of the transverse balancing equipment along the

Card 1/4

of the transverse balancing equipment along the power lines. Time-consuming calculations are re-

Using Digital Computers for the Selection and the Rational Arrangement of Regulating Equipment for Transverse Balancing of Long-Distance Power Lines

$$P_{k} = P_{k-1} - \frac{P_{k-1}^{2} + Q_{k-1}^{2}}{U_{k+1}^{2}} r_{k} - P_{ok}$$

$$Q_{k} = Q_{k-1} - \frac{P_{k-1}^{2} + Q_{k-1}^{2}}{U_{k-1}} X_{k-1} + U_{k}^{2} Y_{k}$$

whereby \mathbf{U}_k^2 , \mathbf{U}_{k+1}^2 are the voltage moduli \mathbf{V}_k and \mathbf{V}_{k+1} at the start and end of a member; \mathbf{Q}_k , \mathbf{P}_k are the active and reactive power components, summed at point \mathbf{k} ; \mathbf{r}_k , \mathbf{x}_k are the resistance and inductive reactance of the k member; \mathbf{P}_{ok} is the active power tapped at point \mathbf{k} ; and \mathbf{Y} is the line-to-ground conductance at point \mathbf{k} .

Card 3/4

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/24/2001 (

CIA-RDP86-00513R000515720004-7

Using Digital Computers for the Selection and the Rational ArLong-Distance Power Lines

There are 1 circuit diagram, 1 block diagram and 2

Soviet references.

ASSOCIATION: Laboratoriya upravlyayushchikh mashin i sistem AN
SUSR (Laboratory of Control Machinery and
Systems of the AS USSR)

SUBMITTED: Luly 17, 1958

Card 4/4

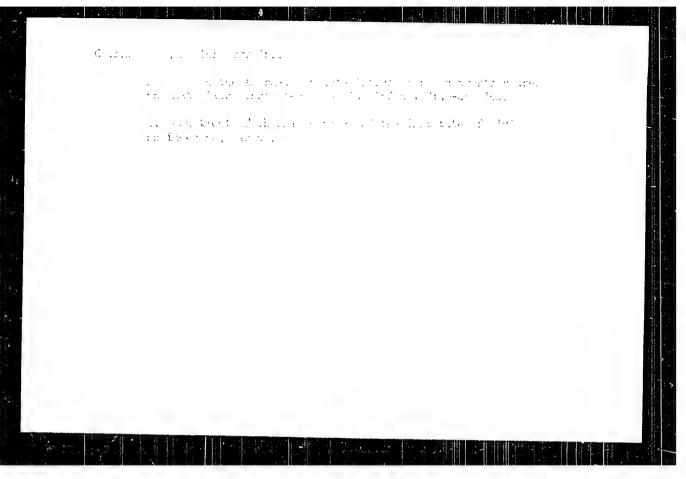
COLEMED, Zelik Borisovich; FILAGTOVA, A.S., red.; LARIONOV, G.Ye.,
tekhm. red.

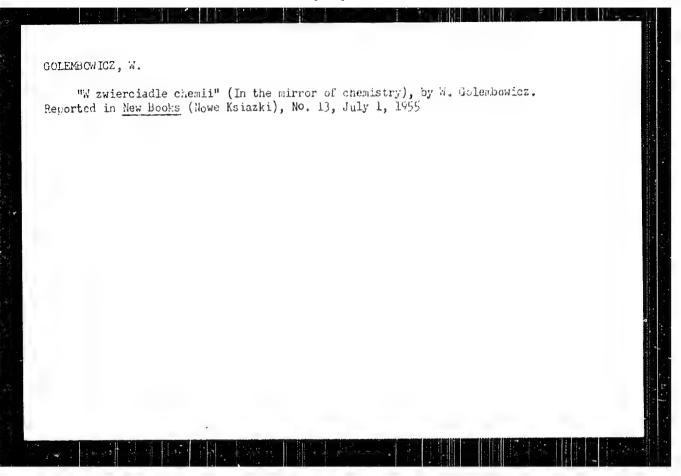
[Use of cybornetic techniques in electrical engineering] Frimenenie metodov kibernetiki v elektrotekhnike. Moskva, Gosenergoizdat, 1962. 302 p.
(MIRA 15:7)
(Electric engineering) (Electronic digital computers)

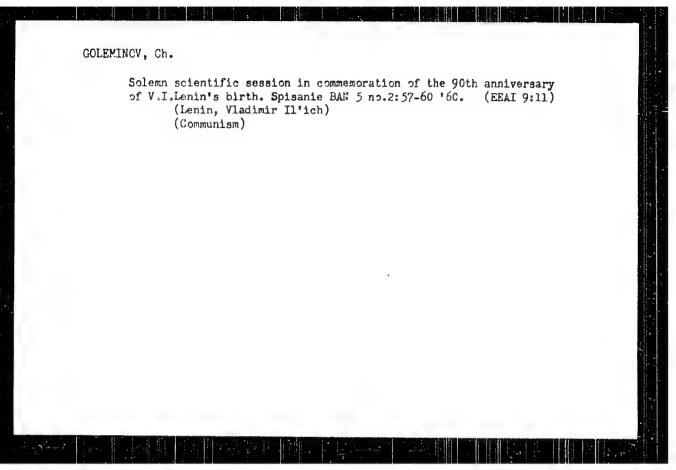
COLEMBOWICZ, Marian, mgr inz.; PCGO:ZEISKI, Jerzy A., mgr inz.

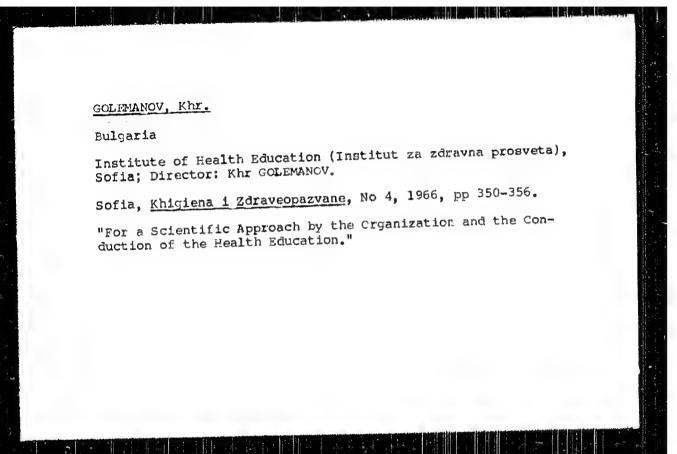
Remarks on laboratory datermination of the thermal conductivity coefficient of building materials. Institute index bull inf no. 11:70-47 163

1. Department of thermal involve, conditute of Colembartical Engineering, Warsaw.









GOLEMINOVA, R., asistent pri Ochnata klinika; KHRISTOV, G., asistent pri
Instituta po mikrobiologiia.

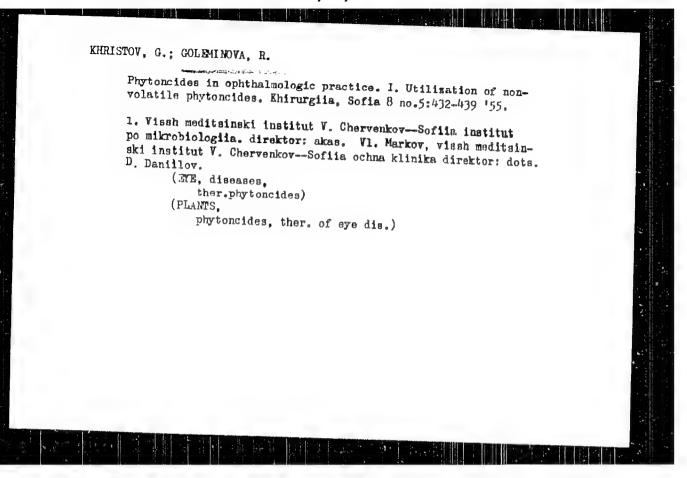
Possibilities of application of phytonoides in ophthalmologic
practice, 2. Application of phytonoides in ocular inflammatory
diseases. Khirurgiia 7 no.2:101-105 1954.

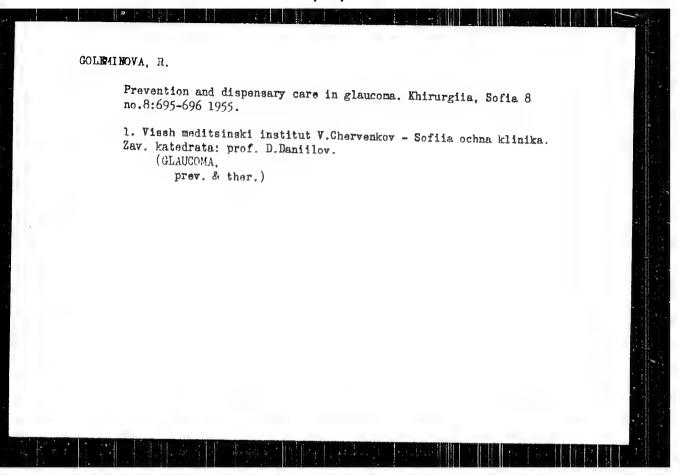
1. Meditsinska akademiia V.Chervenkov, Sofiia, Ochna klinika.
Direktor: dots. D.Daniilov. 2. Institut po mikrobiologiia.
Direktor: akad. Vl. Markov.

(ETR., diseases.

*inflamm. dis., ther., phytonoides)
(PLANTS,

*phytonoides, ther. of eye dis.)



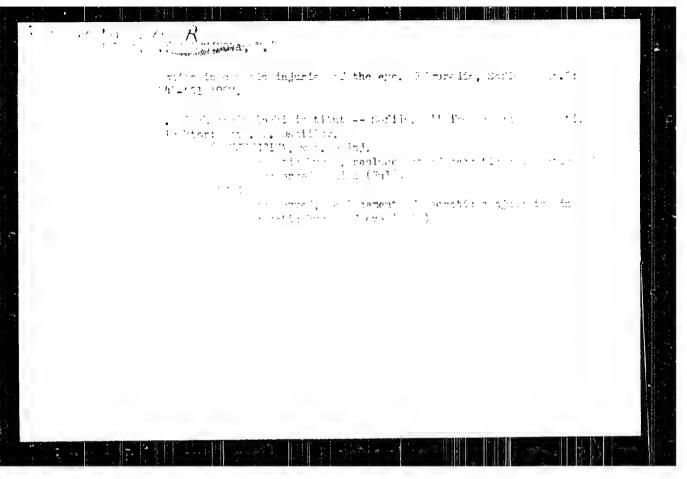


GOLEMINOVA, R.

Vodifications of elastic curve following load and discharge tests. K irurgiia, Sofia 9 no.2:137-144 1956.

1. Vissh meditsinski institut V. Chervenkov, Sofiia. Elinika po ochni bolesti. Diraktor: dots. D. Daniilov.

(GLAUCOMA, diagnosis, eleasto-tonometric test. (Bul))



Changes in the visual field in glaucoma. Khirurgiia, Sofia 10 no.11: 1010-1015 1957.

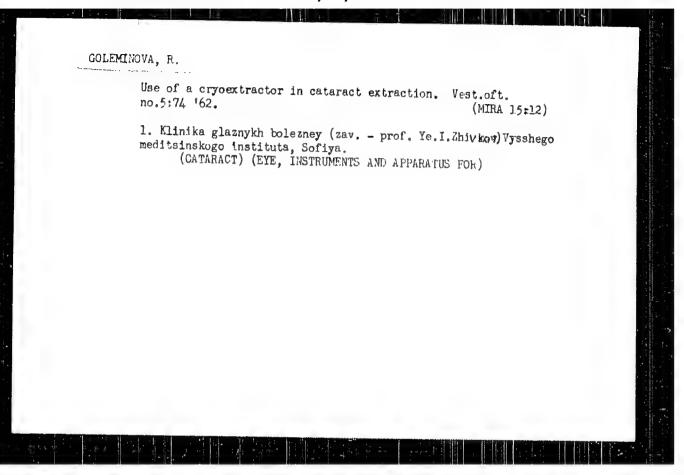
1. Visah meditsinski institut - sofia katedra no ochni bolesti Zav. katedrata: Dots. D. Daninlov.
(GIAUCOMA, mysiology.
visual field changes (Bul))

ZHIVKOV, E.; GOLEMINOVA, R.; KOVACHEVA, V.

Early functional changes in the vascular system of the eye in human silicosis. Nauch. tr. vissh. med. inst. Sofia 9 no.4:321-328 159.

1. Predstavena ot dots. E. Zhivkov, zav. Katedrata po ochni bolesti.

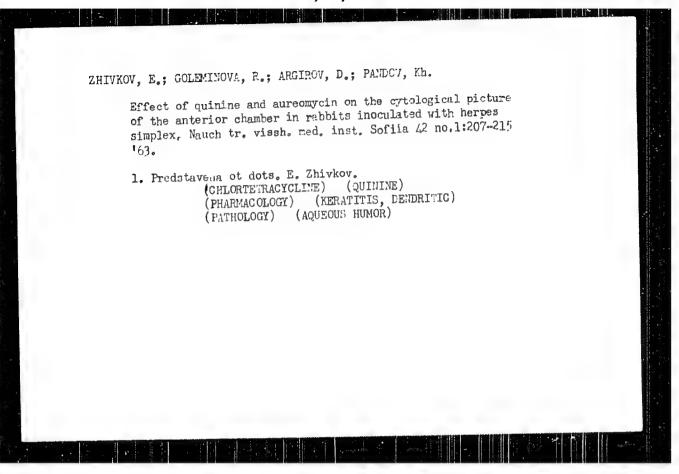
(SILICOSIS physiol) (EYE blood supply)

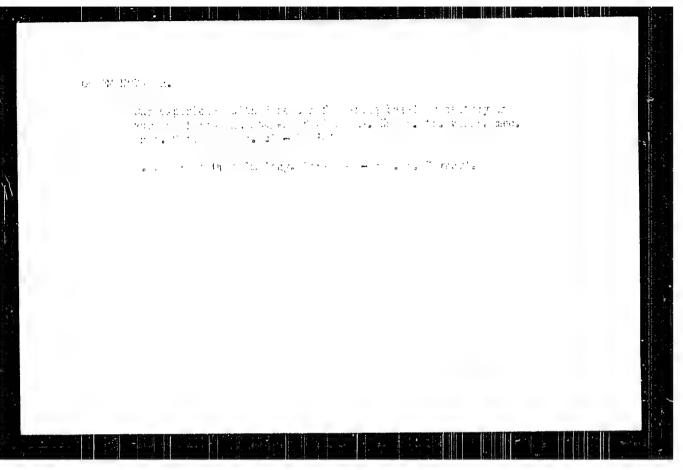


ZHIVKOV, B., dotsent; GOLEMINOVA, R.; DEMEV, VI.; KHANIOVA, R.

Treatment of endogenous uveitis. Entrurgita 1m no.1:103-113
163.

1. Is Katedrata po ochni bolesti pri VMI [Vissh meditsirski institut] - Sofiia.
(UVEITIS) (SYFHILIS) (TUBERCULOSIS OCULAR)
(TOXOPLASMOSIS OCULAR (MICOSES)





L 05078-67

ACC NRi APQU13316

SOURCE CODE: UR/0413/66/000/008/0136/0136

AUTHORS: Golen', S. I.; Litvin, V. P.; Lutskiy, V. I.; Makarevich, Ya. N.; Shne, F.B.

ORG: none

TITLE: A cargo-handling mast. Class 65, No. 180969

(14)

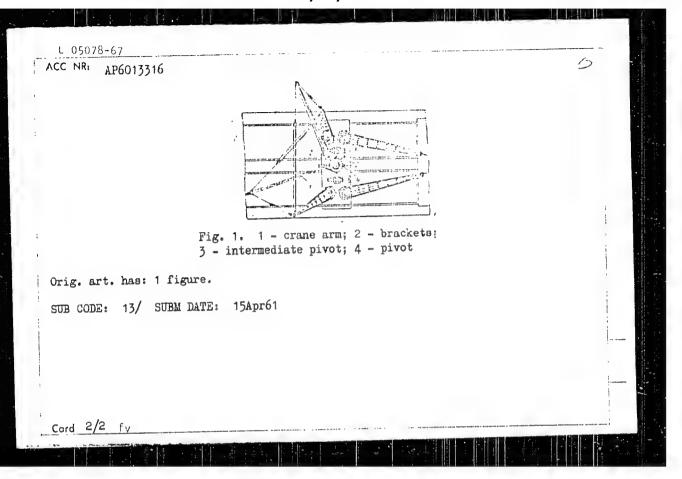
SOURCE: Izobreteniya, promyshlennyye obraztsy, tovarnyye znaki, no. 8, 1966, 136

TOPIC TAGS: ship component, cargo handling equipment

ABSTRACT: This Author Certificate presents a cargo-handling must on maritime ships. The mast is equipped with a crane arm, a rotating head mounted on the top of the mast, and a device for shifting the crane arm from one working position to the other diametrically located working position. The design permits the crane arm to be shifted without altering its rigging. The device is made in the form of two rotating brackets with yokes and with an intermediate pivot (see Fig. 1). The yokes are fastened to the lower part of the mast.

Card 1/2

UDC: 629.12.014.21



"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/24/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000515720004-7

FAYER, Yu.I., vrach; GOL'EMERIG, M. Ku., kendimed.mank

Determination of incapacity for work and rational job
placement of patients with chronic dermatoses. Vest.
derm. i ven. 37 no.1:70-72 Ja163.

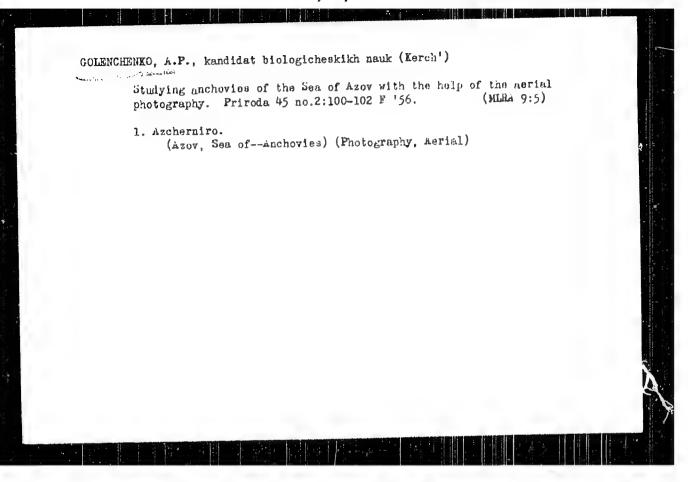
1. Iz Drogobychskogo membrayomogo kodmo-venerologicheskogo
disparsera (glavnyy vrach M. Mu. Gol'denberg).

(DISABILITY EVALUATION) (SKIN-DISEASES)

1. GCLENGHERRO, A. P.
2. USSR (600)
4. Black Sea - Tuna Fish
7. Organizing tunny fishin; in the slanck Sea. Light khom. 2° no. 10, 1752

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, January 1953, Unclassified.

GOLENCHENKO, A.P., kandidat biologicheskikh nauk Tune fish in the Black Sea. Priroda 44 no.9:106-108 S 155. (MLRA 8:11) 1. Azovo-Chernomorskiy nauchno-issledovatel'akiy rybnyy institut, Kerch' (Black Sen--Tuna fish)



GOLENCHENKO, A.P., kandidat biologicheskikh nauk.

Television in the aerial location of fish. Priroda 45 nc.11:104-105 (MLRA 9:11)

1. Azovo-Chernomorskiy institut morskogo rybnogo khozyaystva i okeanografii, Kerch'.

(Television in aeronautics) (Aeronautics in fishing)

	26-95-4-17/45
WUTHER:	Dienchenko, Arr., laministe in Biological decences (Kerch!)
TITLE:	The Acoustic Cearch for Fish by Helicopter (Actastioner Asym.) were a ryby o worth letter)
PERICDIDAL:	reinche, che, brid. 11 74-80 (MSCR)
APSTRICT:	Incompliance describes the method of pearching for fish shoals by the reflection of altraction of reflected light signals in the water and the relighment of reflected light signals in the water and the relighment of reflected light signals in a self recorder. Such a sounding levice enables the aspectation of the water, length and diameter of a shoal with great accuracy. This water, in all altractions are devenously by the diameter respective whose ever, the method has is in which a because the appliances ever, the method has is in which a fallow the diameter are easily frightened map by the respective mapped and properties and properties of the survey. The everyone these is a position the connected by a the spinding-levice in a real property with is connected by a wire with a stream. The surveying mean partners are there are a properties to be surveying.

The Acoustic Search for Fish by Helicoptar

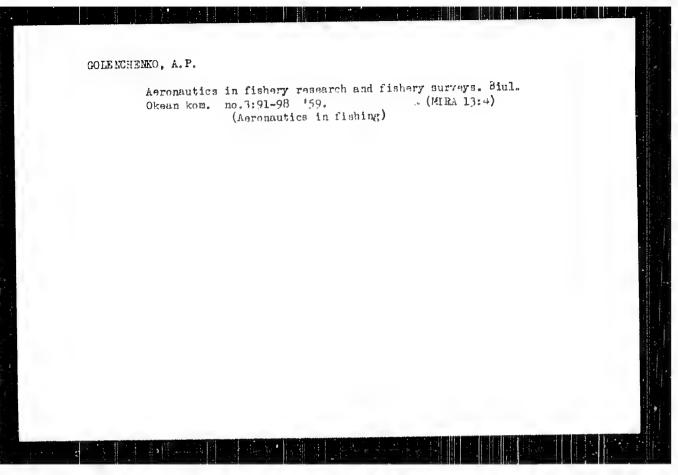
requits of the prespective out that a surel to the central fishing station for a whore the trade, was air receive from it as. There is a former.

AVAILABLE: Literary of Congress

Carl 1/2

1. Ultresonic rediction-Applications 2. Fishing industry-USSR

3. Ultracories-Equipment



RAKOVSEIY, V.Ye., otv.red.; PIDOPLICUKO, A.P., kand.blolog.nauk, red.;

GOLDHOHIK, I.Z., kand.takhn.neuk; BaRABALOYA, Ye., red.izd-va;

VOLOKHAKOVICH, I., takhred.

[Sapropels and their utilization] Sapropeli 1 ikh ispol'zovania; po natarialan konferentsii no sapropeliam 1956 g.

Minak, 1969, 120 p.

1. AN BSSR, Minak, Institut torfa. 2. Chlen-korrespondent
AN BSSR (for Rakovskiy).

(Sapropels)

Increasing the size of metallurgical coke by a new method of selecting coal charges. Koks i khim. no.1:22-27 '60. (MIRA 1):7)

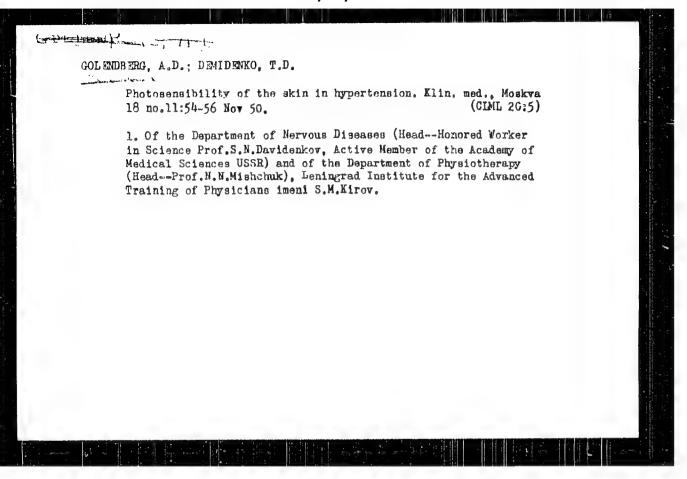
1. Dnepropetrovskiy khimiko-tekhnologicheskiy institut (for Dal', Finkel'shteyn & Golenda). 2. Dnepropetrovskiy koksokhimicheskiy zavod (for Popov, Pashkevich and Konradi).

(Dnepropetrovsk-Coke)

FINKEL'SHTEYN, P.K.; GOLENDA, V.F.; STARUSHKINA, N.A.

New classification indices for Donets Basin coals. Koks i knim.
no.9:6-10 '63. (MIRA 10:9)

1. Dnepropetrovskiy khimiko-tekhnologicheskiy institut.
(Donets Basin-Goal-Glassification)



"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/24/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000515720004-7

GOLENDBURG, A-D USSR/Medicine - Pharmacology

FD-1907

Card 1/1

Pub. 30-6/10

Author

: Golendberg, A. D.

Title

: The combined effect of certain pharmacological and physical agents on

coronary blocd flow during experimental miocardial infarct

Periodical: Farm. i. toks., 17, 20-29, Nov, Dec 1954

Abstract

: Tested the effects of the combined action of nitroglycerine and diathermy, and morphine and diathermy during an experimentally invoked miocardial infarct. The results indicated that combined action of various pharmacological agents with diathermy should be avoided unless the results are known beforehand. Under the conditions of an acute experimental miccardial infarct, nitroglycerine has a more favorable effect when administered with diathermy than when diathermy alone is used. Morphine, however, causes an unfavorable decrease in coronary blood flow when admiristered in conjunction with diathermy. Four graphs; four references (all

USSR, all before 1940).

Institution:

Chair of Physiology, Military-Medical Academy imeni S. M. Kirov (Director

of Work- Corr-Mem Acad Med Sci USSR A. V. Lebedinskiy), and Chair of

Physiotherapy GIDUV (Head - Prof. N. N. Mishenuk)

Submitted :

CIA-RDP86-00513R000515720004-7" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/24/2001

GOLENDBERG, A.D.

Gertain reflex mechanisms from diethermic current; experimental investigations. Vop.kur., fizioter. i lech.fiz.kul't. no.4:9-12 O-D 155. (MIRA 12:12)

1. Iz otdela fizicheskikh metodov (rukovoditel' - dotsent A.D. Golendberg) Loningradskogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta fizicteragii i kurortologii (dir. - dotsent S.V. Kurakin).

(DIATHERMY.

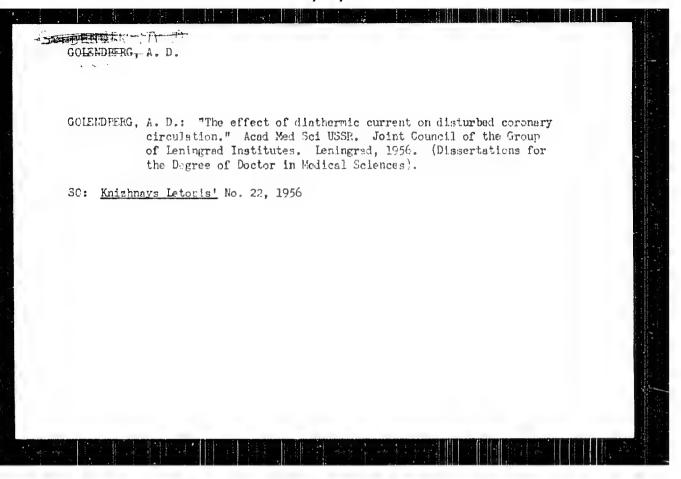
reflex mechanism in animals)

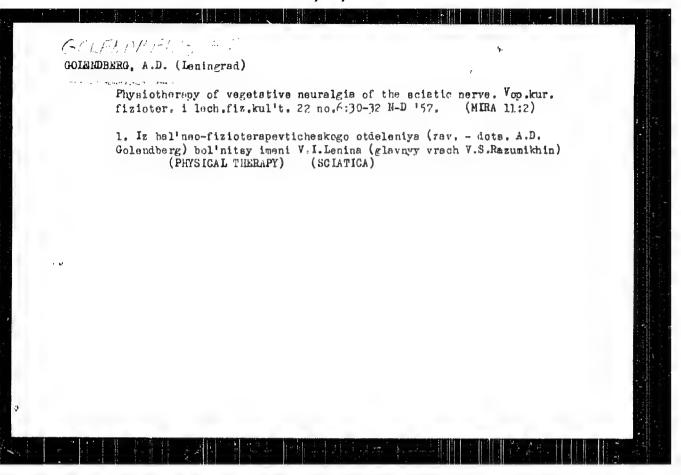
GOLEHDHERG, A.D.; KUL'KOVA, Ye.P.; POKROVSKAYA, O.A.

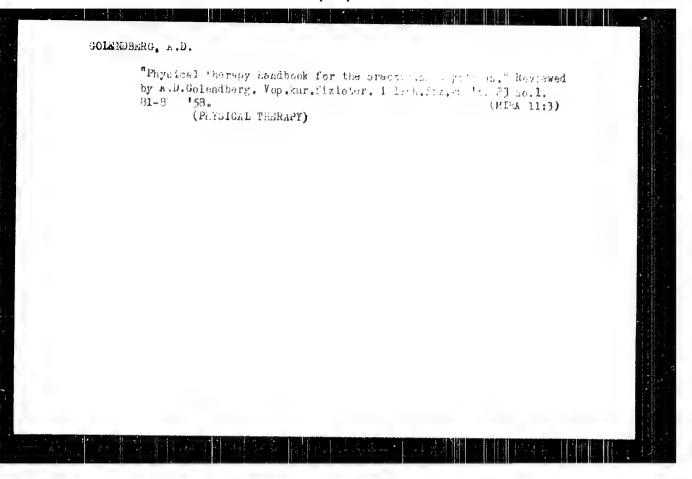
Vegetative functions in progressive muscular atrophy. Zhur. nevr. 1
paikh. 55 no.1:17-21 Ja '55.

1. Klinika nervnykh boleznay dir. prof. S.N.Davidenkov) i kafedra
fizioterapii (zav. prof. N.N.Mishuk) Instituta usovershenstvovaniya
vrachey imeni S.M.Kirova.

(PHOGRESSIVE MUSCULAR ATHROPHY, physiology,
autonomic MS)
(AUTONOMIC DERWOUS SISTEM, in various diseases,
progressive musc. atrophy)







GRISHINA, Klavdiya Filatovna; KOMAROVA, Lyudmila Alaksandrovna;
GOLENDEERG, A.D., red.; LEEEDEVA, Z.V., tekhn. red.

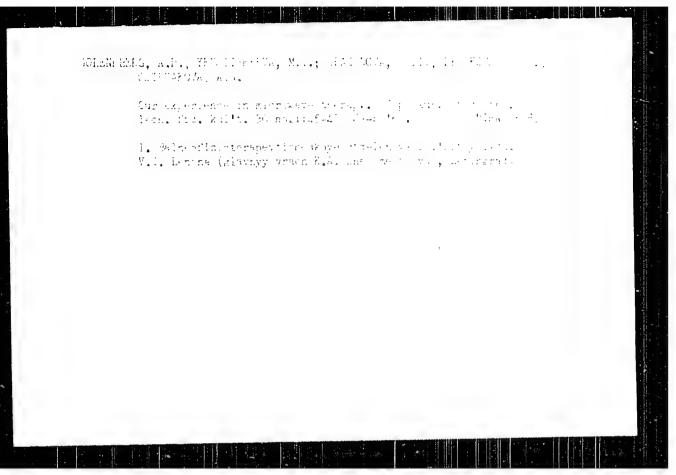
[Technique and method of performing physiotherapeutic
procedures]Tekhnika i metodika provedenia finioterapevticheskikh protsedur; spravochnik dlia srednego meditsinskogo
personala. Leningrad, Medgiz, 1963. 319 p. (MIRA 16:4)

(PHYSICAL THERAPY)

GOLENDBERG, A.D., doxtor med. nauk; SKURLATOVA, Z.S.

Activities of the Leningrad Society of Health Resort Specialists and Physiotherapeutists during the first half of 1963. Vop. kur., fizioter. 1 lech. fiz. kul't. 29 no.2:190-191 Mr-Ap '64. (MRA 18:2)

1. Predsedatel' Leningradskogo obshchestva kurortologov i fizioterapevtov (for Golenberg). 2. Sekretar' Leningradskogo obshchestva kurortologov i fizioterapevtov (for Skurlatova).



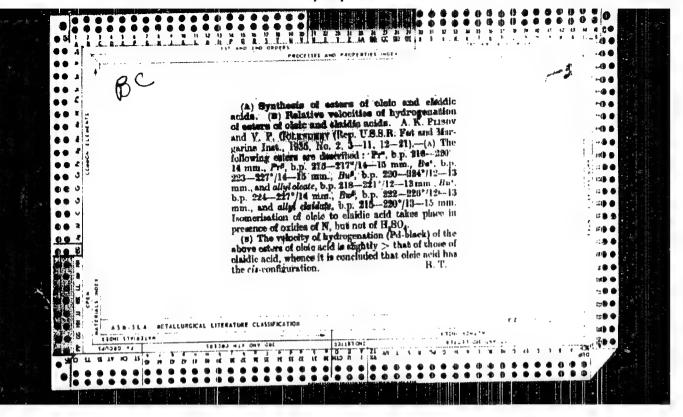
GOLENDEYEV...V.I., doktor tekhn.nauk; BOGAREVA, K.G., inzh.; BOHKOVA, Ye.I.;
DOBRYMINA, O.N., inzh.

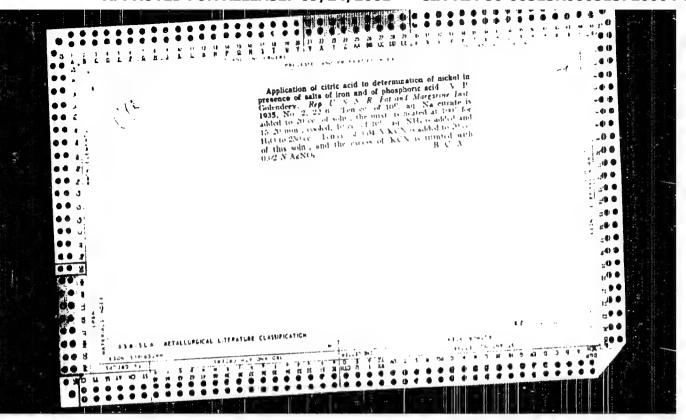
Effect of exhausted catalysts on the hydrolysis of fats. Masl.-zhir.
prom. 24 no.9:17-22 '58.

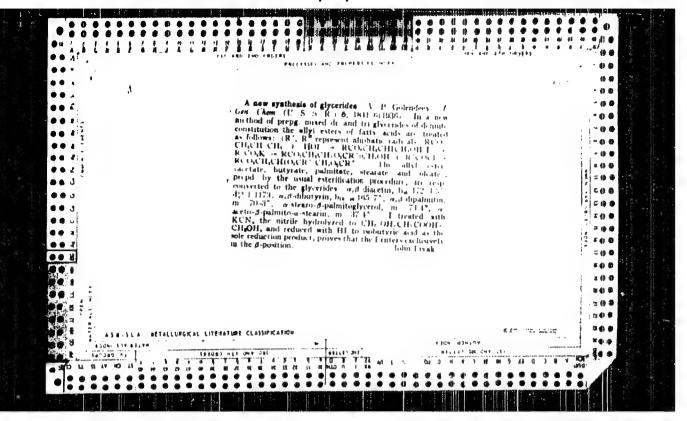
(MIRA 11:10)

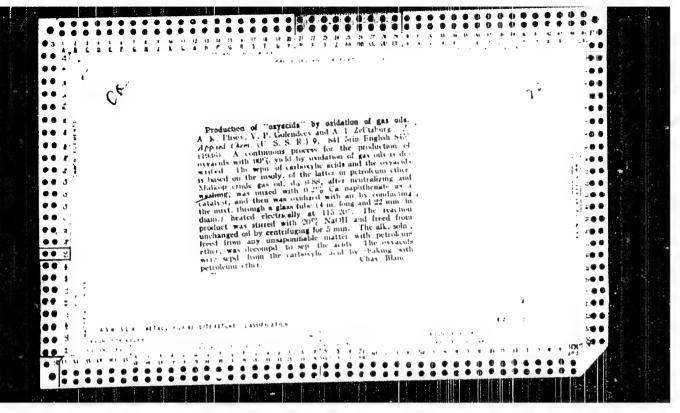
1.Gor'kovskiy politekhnicheskiy institut (for Golendeyev).
2.Gor'kovskiy maslozhirkombinat imeni S.M. Kirova (for all except Golendeyev).

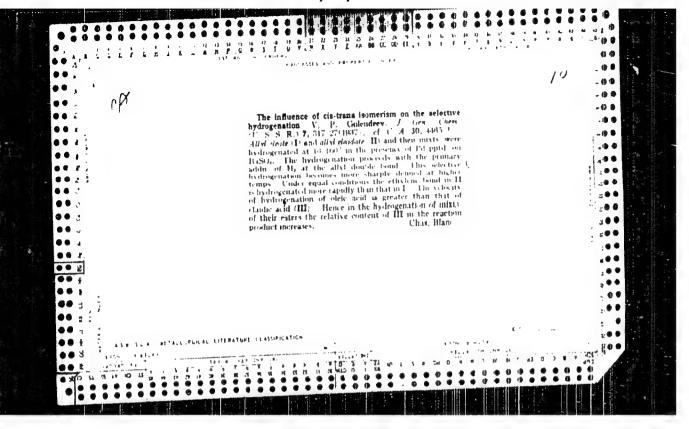
(Catalysts) (Oils and fats--Analysis)

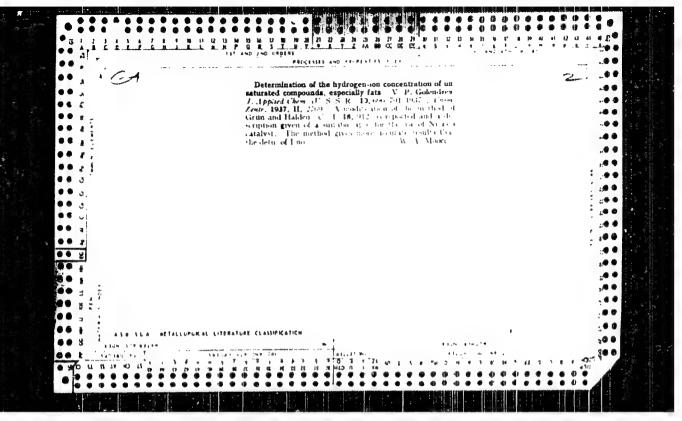


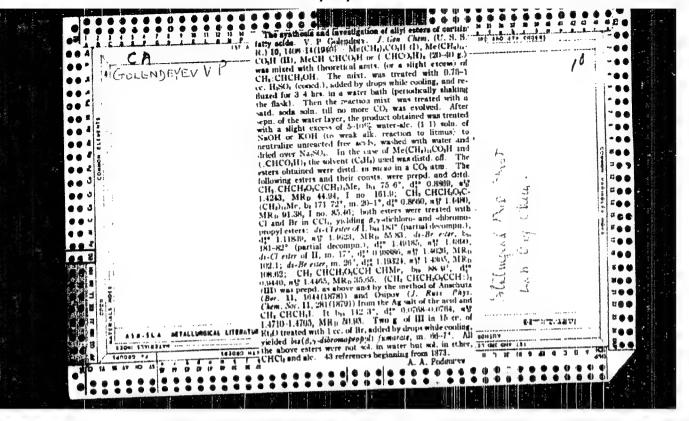


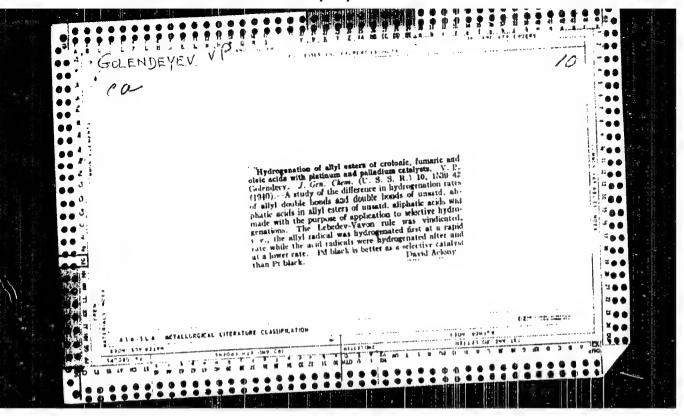












GOLENDEYEC, V.P

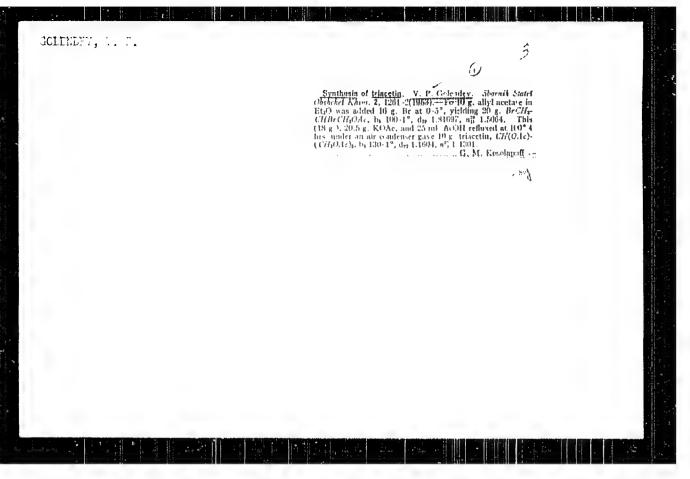
"A New Method of Synthetizing Glycerides." Zh. Obshchei, 6 (1946), 12, 1841-1846.

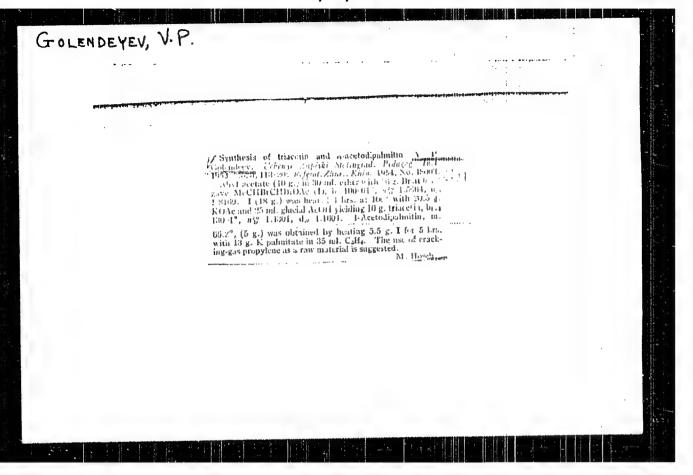
S0: Translation-2524467, 30 Apr 1954.

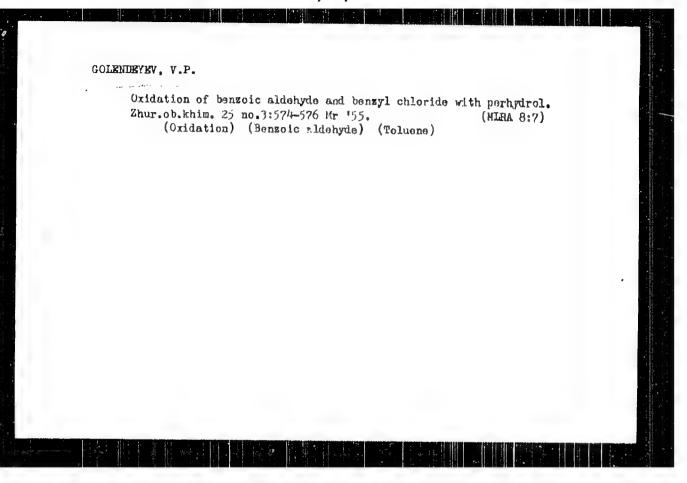
GOLENDEYEV, V. P. Dr. Chem. Sci.

Dissertation: "Investigation in the rield of Synthesis of the Ester Perivotives of the Allyl Radical and Study of Their Properties." Mescow Order of Lenin State C imeni d. V. Lomonosov, 26 reb 47.

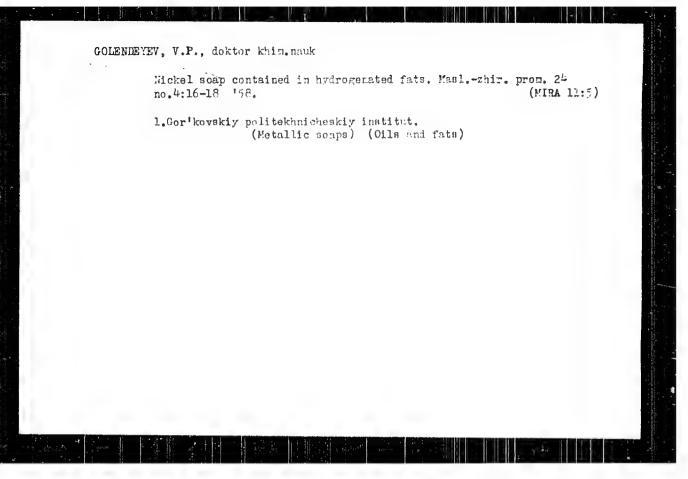
S0: Vachernyaya Moskva, Feb, 1947 (Project #17836)







, -- + ty -- . - . 1/41 Goleney, P.M. Lindia wa aUllich: limbel of arms daigned as the school (Line) they emaste in II:LE: Seriestyki a 1997, remicbical: Standerticatelya, One, West, p. 47 [USSA, Brief intermation to given in "GCGT-viol-17" for "DSp-11" diesel oil, in force on April 1, 1905. It establishes the quality of liesel oil produced from sulphurous petroleum from ABSTRACT: the eastern USSR with addition of "TalaFIM-3/9". "DSp-11" diesel cil was tested for "iC noiro in an "Yakz-201" engine and for 1,000 hours of "DT-10" transors there working conditions and proved equal to deced on of dake petroleum. The production of the new grove, oil will increase when new petroleum refinerado tegan pos curto de AdsoliAfich: Komptet standartor, mer - bonersteringen priboror (Committee in Standury , we served and Ministring Devices, Library of Jongress AVAILABLE: 1. Fuel oil-Sources Jard 1/1



GOLEMBEYEV, V.P.; BOGAREVA, K.G.; BOBKOVA, Ye.I.; DOBRYNINA, O.F.

Effect of the spent catalyst on increased acidity of hydrogenated fat. Zhur.prikl.khim. 31 no.11:1722-1731 N '58.

(MIRA 12:2)

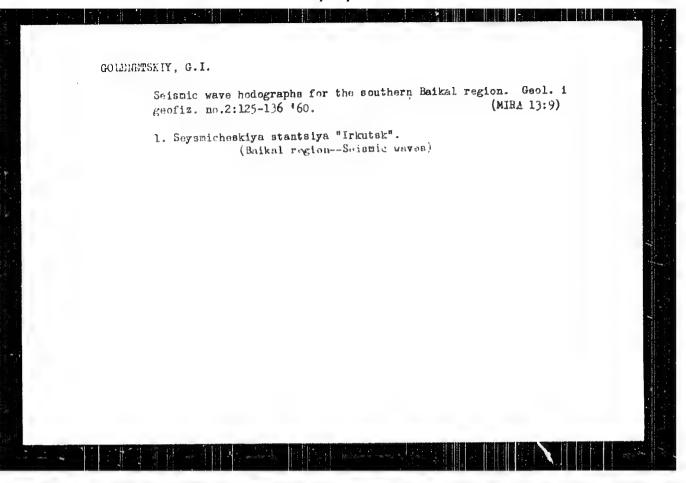
1. Gor'kovskiy; politekhnicheskiy institut.

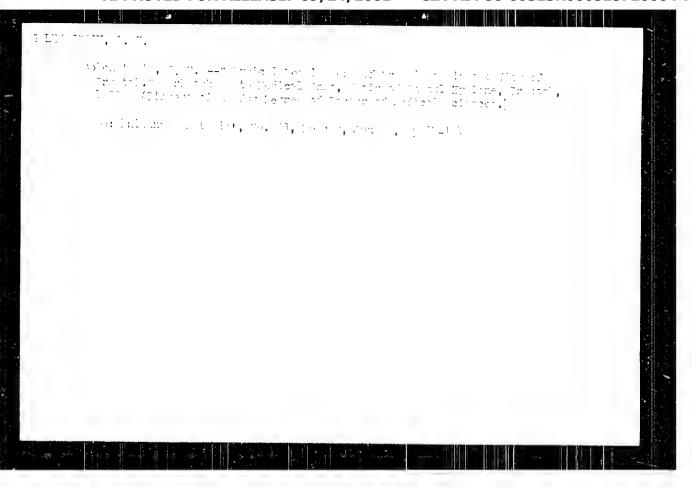
(Oils and fats) (Hydrogenation) (Catalysts)

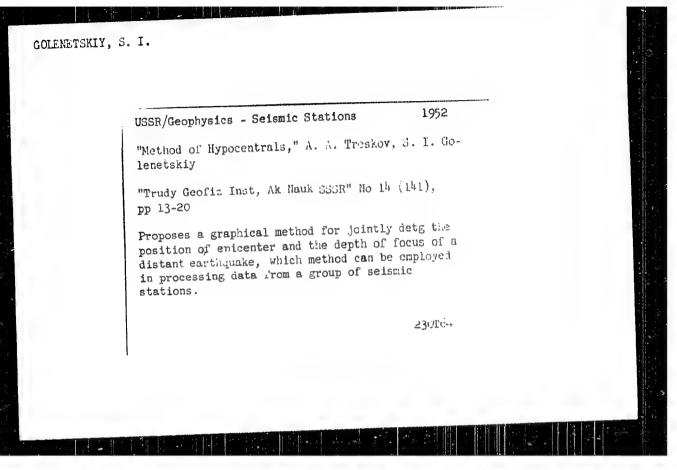
GOLEDUKHIN, V.I.

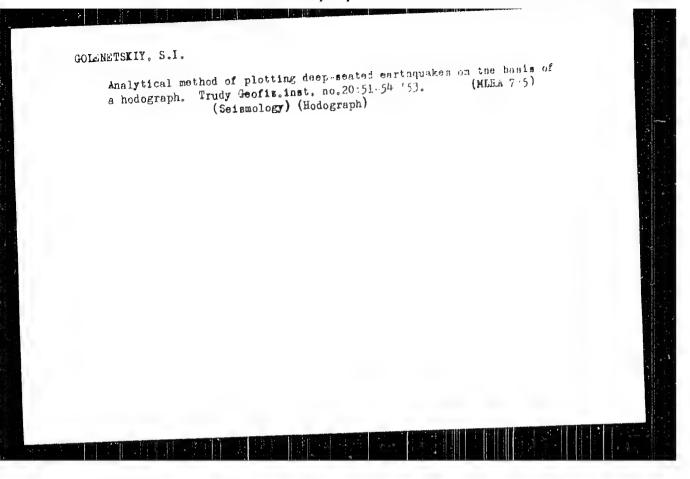
Improving the design of gypsum-concrete rolled partitions.
Stroi. mat. 8 no.6:29-30 Je '52. (MERA 15:7)

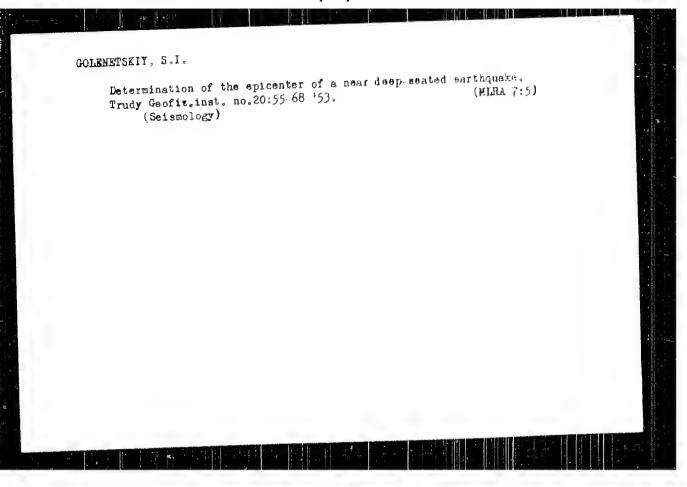
1. Glavnyy inzhoner Sverdlovskogo zavoda pipsovykh izdelity.
(Gypcum products) (Frecast concrete) (Walls)

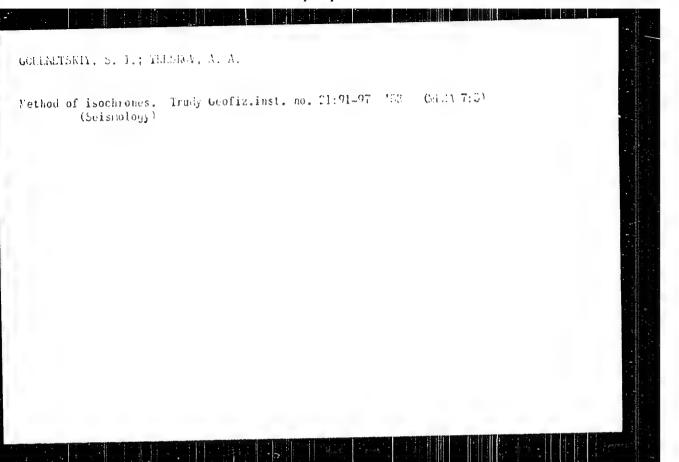












112-2-3894

Translation from: Referativnyy Zhurnal, Elektrotekhnika, 1957,

Nr 2, p.195 (USSR)

Golenetskiy, S.I., Gayskiy, V.N.

Two Mechanisms for Graphically Processing Observations AUTHORS: TITLE:

of Nearby Earthquakes (Dva mekhanizma dlya graficheskoy obrabotki nablyudeniy nad blizkimi zemletryaseniyami)

PERIODICAL: Tr. Geofiz. in-ta AN SSSR, 1955, Nr 30, pp.195-197

The design of two mechanisms is described: a hyberbola ABSTRACT:

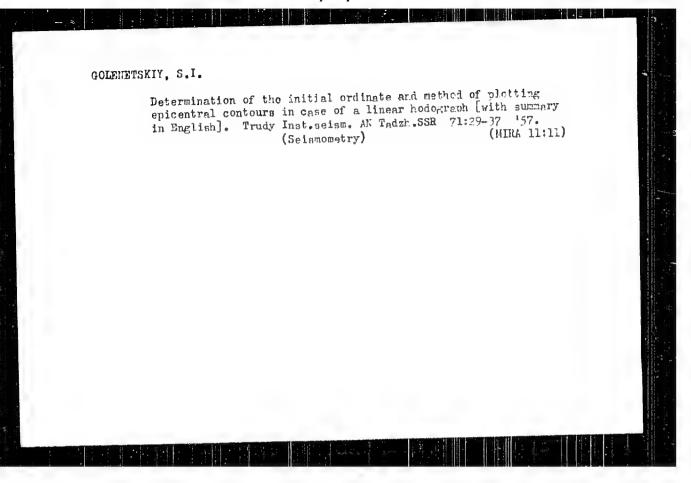
graph and an epicenter graph both intended for simultaneously determining the position of the epicenter of

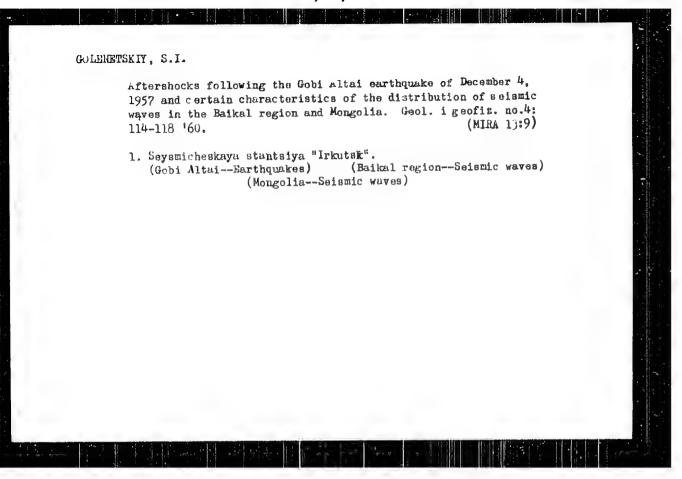
an earthquake and the apparent speed of the seismic wave propagation. These instruments are designed for

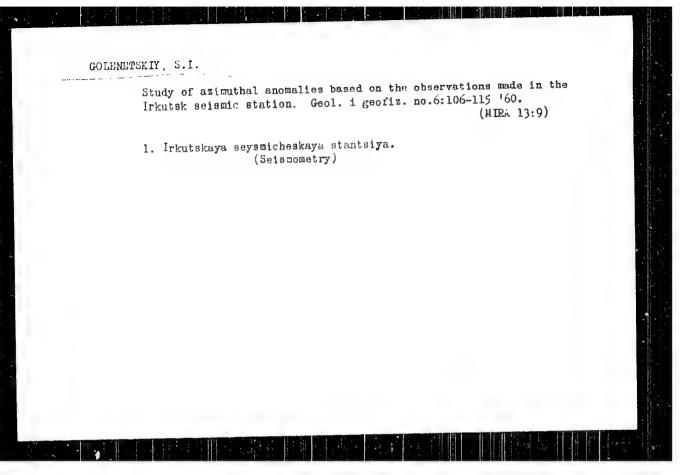
graphically processing observations. The hyperbola

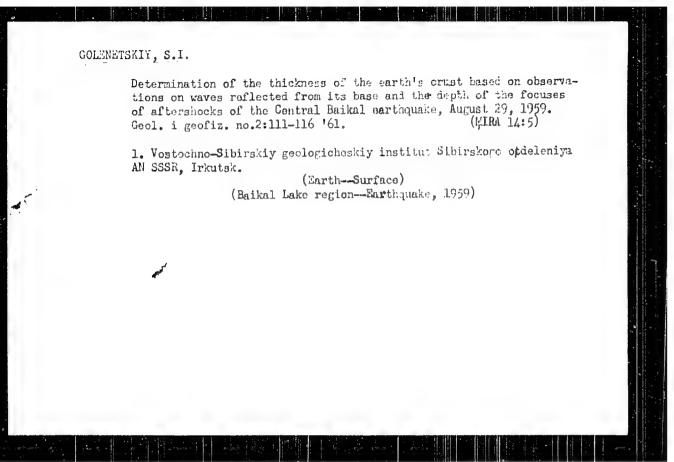
card 1/2

CIA-RDP86-00513R000515720004-7" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/24/2001









S/0210/63/000/011/0132/0134

ACCESSION NR: AP4010882

.AUTHOR: Golenetskiy, S. I.

TITLE: Record of PS waves in the Baikal region

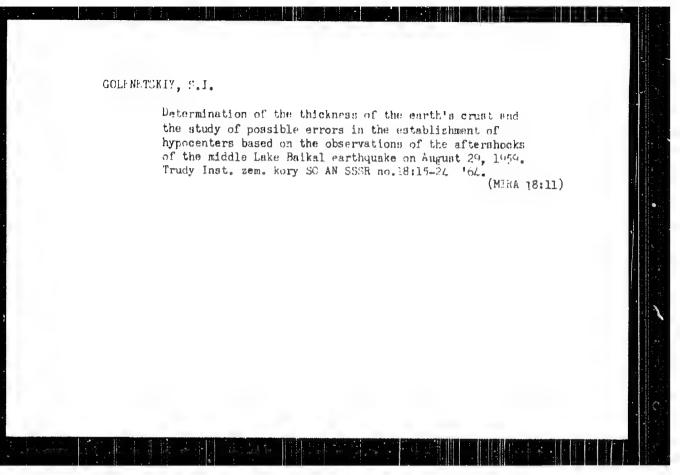
SOURCE: Geologiya i geofizika, no. 11, 1963, 132-134

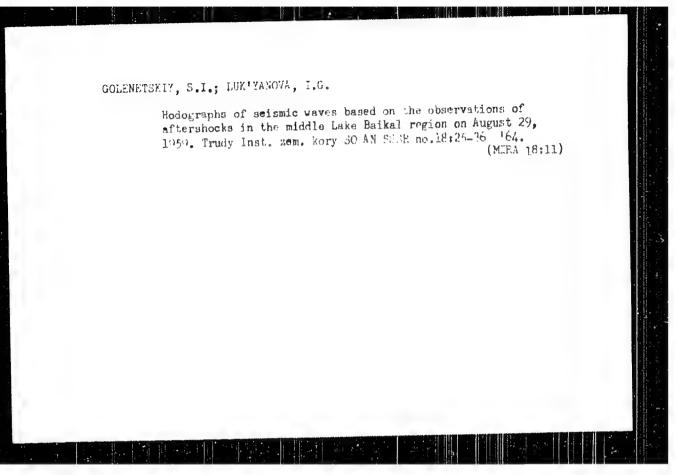
TOPIC TAGS: PS wave, refracted wave, seismic wave, transmission velocity, earthquake, seismogram, arrival time, first arrival, longitudinal wave, transverse wave

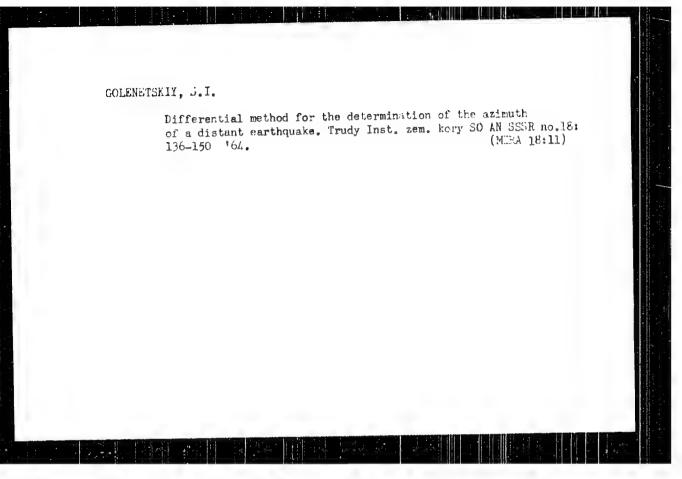
ABSTRACT: For the central Baikal earthquake of 29 August, 1959, it was discovered that, in contrast to records of other stations in the Baikal region, the seismograms of the Kabansk station show earlier arrival times for both longitudinal and transverse waves on the vertical record than on the horizontal record. A comparison with records of other stations with more sensitive instruments led to the conclusion that the Kabansk seismogram was typical of records obtained in the region of the Selenga River Delta and the Proval Gulf. From the appearance of the first arrivals, it is thought that the longitudinal wave had been refracted at an interface between two media having very different transmission velocities. It appears most natural that this interface is the base of sand-clay deposits that are very thick in that region. The subsequent arrival on the horizontal instrument may

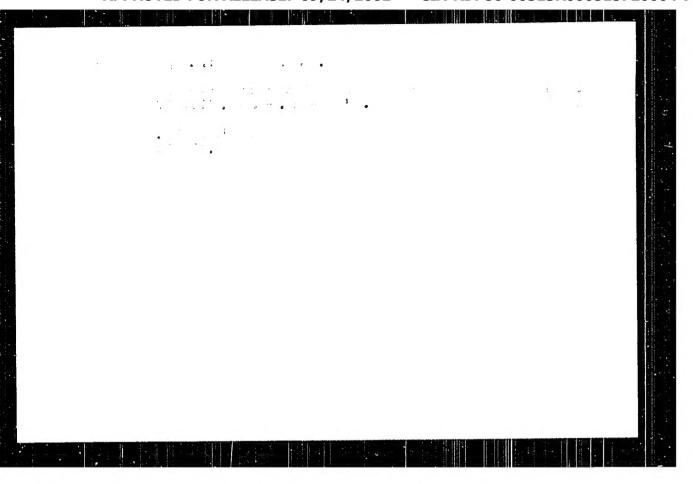
Card 1/2

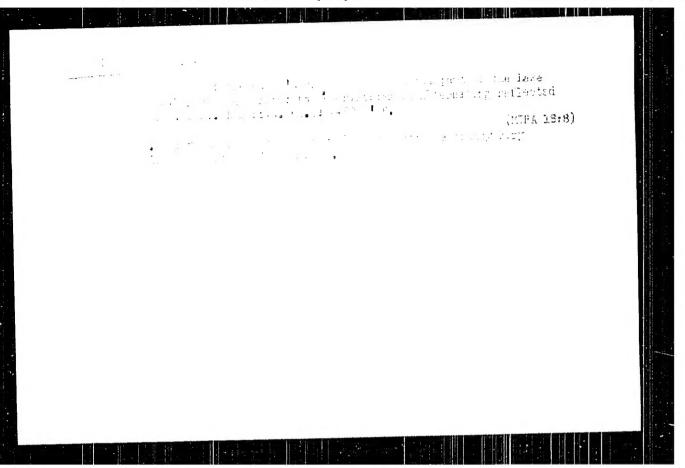
interface. Theoretical consuch waves to be recorded	val of the PS wave, which formed by r naideration of energy indicates that on the seismogram. Investigation of plication of these data to the Kabans	travel times for	
oli C i milionition in :	t the variations observed do not requestions of the earth's crust, but make the manual deposits of the sand-clay deposits	BIA On Illianthraner	
art. has: 3 figures and 1	table. noy kory* Sibirskogo otdeleniya AN SS Crust, Siberian Department AN SSSR)	•	
art. has: 3 figures and 1	table. nov kory* Sibirskogo otdeleniya AN SS	•	
art. has: 3 figures and 1 ASSOCIATION: Institut zem (Institute of the Earth's	table. noy kory* Sibirskogo otdeleniya AN SS Crust, Siberian Department AN SSSR)	SSR, Irkutsk	
art. has: 3 figures and 1 ASSOCIATION: Institut zem (Institute of the Earth's SUEMITTED: 11Jul62	table. noy kory* Sibirskogo otdeleniya AN SS Crust, Siberian Department AN SSSR) DATE ACQ: 14Feb64	ENCL: 00	











SOURCE CODE: UR/0210/66/000/009/0116/0125 AP7001834 ACC NR:

AUTHOR: Golenetskiy, S. I.

ORG: Institute of the Earth's Crust, Siberian Division, AN SSSR, Irkutsk (Institut zemnoy kory Sibirskogo otdeleniya AN SSSR)

TITLE: First results of investigations of the seismograms of industrial explosions in Pribaykal'ye

TOPIC TAGS: seismic wave propagation, explosion effect, earth crust, earthquake/ Baykal region

ABSTRACT: The seismograms and explosive effects of natural earthquakes are compared with industrial explosions in the Baykal region. Records of six explosions (7-16 tons of explosives) in Slyudyanki and three--(40-90 tons) in Cheremkhovo obtained in October 1964 at the "Irkutsk" Central Seismic Station were compared with those received at the outlying stations "Bayanday," "Tyrgan," "Zakamensk," "Arshan," "Mondy," "Tal'yany,"
"Kabansk," "Kyakhta," "Nizhneangarsk," and others. Notwithstanding inconclusive results from analyses of Wadati travel-time curves, some conclusions could be made as to the nature of the Earth's crust in this region. Refracted and reflected waves indicated the average thickness

1/2 Card

550.342(571.53) DDC:

